

## **GHCN (Global Historical Climatology Network) – Daily Documentation**

**NOTE: English units are displayed on pdf output format; Metric units on csv or txt output formats.**

### **I. Description**

GHCN (Global Historical Climatology Network)-Daily is a database that addresses the critical need for historical daily temperature, precipitation, and snow records over global land areas. GHCN-Daily is a composite of climate records from numerous sources that were merged and then subjected to a suite of quality assurance reviews. The archive includes over 40 meteorological elements (see Table 4 below for complete list) including temperature daily maximum/minimum, temperature at observation time, precipitation, snowfall, snow depth, evaporation, wind movement, wind maximums, soil temperature, cloudiness, and more.

GHCN-Daily will serve as a replacement product for older NCDC-maintained data sets that are designated for daily temporal resolution (i.e. DSI 3200, DSI 3201, DSI 3202, DSI 3205, DSI 3206, DSI 3208, DSI 3210, etc.). It will function as the official archive for daily data from the Global Climate Observing System (GCOS) Surface Network (GSN) and is particularly well suited for monitoring and assessment activities related to the frequency and magnitude of extremes. Containing observations of one or more of the above elements at more than 40,000 stations that are distributed across all continents, the dataset is the world's largest collection of daily climatological data. The total of 1.4 billion data values includes 250 million values each for maximum and minimum temperatures, 500 million precipitation totals, and 200 million observations each for snowfall and snow depth. Station records, some of which extend back to the 19th century, are updated daily where possible and are usually available one to two days after the date and time of the observation.

Some of the data provided here are based on data exchanged under the World Meteorological Organization (WMO) World Weather Watch Program according to WMO Resolution 40 (Cg-XII). This allows WMO member countries to place restrictions on the use or re-export of their data for commercial purposes outside of the receiving country. Those countries' data summaries and products which are available here are intended for free and unrestricted use in research, education, and other non-commercial activities. For non-U.S. locations data, the data or any derived product shall not be provided to other users or be used for the re-export of commercial services.

### **II. Format/Observation Definitions**

(note: the term 'element' or 'value' is used throughout this documentation and refers to an individual meteorological/climatological measurement or statistical value such as temperature, precipitation (amount), etc.)

Users are given the choice between the following two delivery formats:

- 1) GHCN-Daily Form- Portable Document Format (PDF) output giving 5 core values (see Table 4)

and, if available, the following additional values: TOBS (temperature at the time of observation), EVAP (evaporation of water from evaporation pan), WDMV (24-hour wind movement), SN\*# (minimum soil temperature) and SX\*# (maximum soil temperature). More details about these values are in Table 4 (below). There are no flags (attributes) given with the GHCN- Daily Form pdf file other than measurement flag "T" (trace value for precipitation, snowfall or snow depth, as per table 3 below). Temperature/soil temperature data on GHCN- Daily Form pdf file is to tenths of degrees Fahrenheit and precipitation/evaporation/snowfall/snow depth values are in inches, tenths of inches, and hundredths of inches. Wind movement values are in miles. Because these values are converted from SI units, rounding can cause minor deviations from what is shown in ASCII output form described next or original forms. Empty, or blank, cells indicate that a data observation was not reported.

- 2) Custom GHCN-Daily CSV- Output files contain .csv extension and optimized for spreadsheet usage (i.e. delimited file). The user is given the choice whether to include flags, station name or geographic location in data request. The user can define which of the elements listed in Table 4 (below) to include in the data request.
- 3) Custom GHCN-Daily ASCII Form-Output is ASCII text file and the user is given the choice whether to include flags, station name or geographic location in data request. The user can define which of the elements listed in Table 4 (below) to include in the data request.

#### **A. Data observations (values)**

Each record represents all selected observations (values) available for a given station-day. The initial section of each record is ordered as follows with the following definitions:

**STATION** (17 characters) is the station identification code. Please see

<http://www1.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/ghcn/daily/ghcnd-stations.txt>

for a complete list of stations and their metadata.

**STATION\_NAME** (max 50 characters) is the name of the station (usually city/airport name). Optional output field.

**GEOGRAPHIC\_LOCATION** (31 characters) is the latitude (decimated degrees w/northern hemisphere values > 0, southern hemisphere values < 0), longitude (decimated degrees w/western hemisphere values < 0, eastern hemisphere values > 0) and elevation above mean sea level (thousandths of meters). An optional output field.

**DATE** is the year of the record (4 digits) followed by month (2 digits) and day (2 digits).

#### **B. Observations (values) and flags (attributes)**

Following this initial section of the record, all selected observations and flags are given in the following order:

Observation(s) | Measurement Flag | Quality Flag | Source Flag | Time of Observation | repeat for next element (when more than one element is selected), where:

**Observation(s)** is/are defined in Table 4 below. 9's in a field (e.g.9999) indicate missing data or data that has not been received.

**Measurement Flag (attribute)** is defined in **Table 1** below

**Quality Flag (attribute)** is defined in **Table 2** below

**Source Flag (attribute)** is defined in **Table 3** below

**Time of Observation** is the (2 digit hour, 2 digit minute) 24 hour clock time of the observation given as the local time at the station of record.

Note: The 4 flags listed above are optional on the Custom GHCN-Daily ASCII Form.

#### **Table 1 (Measurement Flag/Attribute)**

Blank = no measurement information applicable

- A = value in precipitation or snow is a multi-day total, accumulated since last measurement (used on Daily Form pdf file)
- B = precipitation total formed from two 12-hour totals
- D = precipitation total formed from four six-hour totals
- K = converted from knots
- L = temperature appears to be lagged with respect to reported hour of observation
- O = converted from oktas
- P = identified as "missing presumed zero" in DSI 3200 and 3206
- T = trace of precipitation, snowfall, or snow depth
- W = converted from 16-point WBAN code (for wind direction)

#### **Table 2 (Quality Flag/Attribute)**

Blank = did not fail any quality assurance check

- D = failed duplicate check
- G = failed gap check
- I = failed internal consistency check
- K = failed streak/frequent-value check
- L = failed check on length of multiday period
- M = failed mega-consistency check
- N = failed naught check
- O = failed climatological outlier check

- R = failed lagged range check
- S = failed spatial consistency check
- T = failed temporal consistency check
- W = temperature too warm for snow
- X = failed bounds check
- Z = flagged as a result of an official Datzilla investigation

**Table 3 (Source Flag/Attribute)**

Blank = No source (i.e., data value missing)

- 0 = U.S. Cooperative Summary of the Day (NCDC DSI-3200)
- 6 = CDMP Cooperative Summary of the Day (NCDC DSI-3206)
- 7 = U.S. Cooperative Summary of the Day -- Transmitted via WxCoder3 (NCDC DSI-3207)
- A = U.S. Automated Surface Observing System (ASOS) real-time data (since January 1, 2006)
- a = Australian data from the Australian Bureau of Meteorology
- B = U.S. ASOS data for October 2000-December 2005 (NCDC DSI-3211)
- b = Belarus update
- E = European Climate Assessment and Dataset (Klein Tank et al., 2002)
- F = U.S. Fort data
- G = Official Global Climate Observing System (GCOS) or other government-supplied data
- H = High Plains Regional Climate Center real-time data
- I = International collection (non U.S. data received through personal contacts)
- K = U.S. Cooperative Summary of the Day data digitized from paper observer forms (from 2011 to present)
- M = Monthly METAR Extract (additional ASOS data)
- N = Community Collaborative Rain, Hail, and Snow (CoCoRaHS)
- Q = Data from several African countries that had been "quarantined", that is, withheld from public release until permission was granted from the respective meteorological services
- R = NCDC Reference Network Database (Climate Reference Network and Historical Climatology Network-Modernized)
- r = All-Russian Research Institute of Hydrometeorological Information-World Data Center
- S = Global Summary of the Day (NCDC DSI-9618)  
NOTE: "S" values are derived from hourly synoptic reports exchanged on the Global Telecommunications System (GTS). Daily values derived in this fashion may differ significantly from "true" daily data, particularly for precipitation (i.e., use with caution).
- u = Ukraine update
- W = WBAN/ASOS Summary of the Day from NCDC's Integrated Surface Data (ISD).
- X = U.S. First-Order Summary of the Day (NCDC DSI-3210)
- Z = Datzilla official additions or replacements
- z = Uzbekistan update

**Table 4 (observation/value)**

Note: 9's in a field (e.g.9999) indicate missing data or data that has not been received.

The five core values are:

PRCP = Precipitation (tenths of mm, inches to hundredths on Daily Form pdf file)

SNOW = Snowfall (mm, inches to tenths on Daily Form pdf file)

SNWD = Snow depth (mm, inches on Daily Form pdf file)

TMAX = Maximum temperature \*\*\*

TMIN = Minimum temperature \*\*\*

The other values are:

ACMC = Average cloudiness midnight to midnight from 30-second ceilometer data (percent)

ACMH = Average cloudiness midnight to midnight from manual observations (percent)

ACSC = Average cloudiness sunrise to sunset from 30-second ceilometer data (percent)

ACSH = Average cloudiness sunrise to sunset from manual observations (percent)

AWND = Average daily wind speed (tenths of meters per second)

DAEV = Number of days included in the multiday evaporation total (MDEV)

DAPR = Number of days included in the multiday precipitation total (MDPR)

DASF = Number of days included in the multiday snowfall total (MDSF)

DATN = Number of days included in the multiday minimum temperature (MDTN)

DATX = Number of days included in the multiday maximum temperature (MDTX)

DAWM = Number of days included in the multiday wind movement (MDWM)

DWPR = Number of days with non-zero precipitation included in multiday precipitation total (MDPR)

EVAP = Evaporation of water from evaporation pan (tenths of mm, or hundredths of inches on Daily Form pdf file)

FMTM = Time of fastest mile or fastest 1-minute wind (hours and minutes, i.e., HHMM)

FRGB = Base of frozen ground layer (cm)

FRGT = Top of frozen ground layer (cm)

FRTH = Thickness of frozen ground layer (cm)

GAHT = Difference between river and gauge height (cm)

MDEV = Multiday evaporation total (tenths of mm; use with DAEV)

MDPR = Multiday precipitation total (tenths of mm; use with DAPR and DWPR, if available)

MDSF = Multiday snowfall total

MDTN = Multiday minimum temperature (use with DATN) \*\*\*

MDTX = Multiday maximum temperature (use with DATX) \*\*\*

MDWM = Multiday wind movement (km)

MNPN = Daily minimum temperature of water in an evaporation pan \*\*\*

MXPN = Daily maximum temperature of water in an evaporation pan \*\*\*

PGTM = Peak gust time (hours and minutes, i.e., HHMM)

PSUN = Daily percent of possible sunshine (percent)

SN\*# = Minimum soil temperature where \* corresponds to a code  
for ground cover and # corresponds to a code for soil depth \*\*\*

Ground cover codes include the following:

0 = unknown

1 = grass

2 = fallow

3 = bare ground

4 = brome grass

- 5 = sod
- 6 = straw mulch
- 7 = grass muck
- 8 = bare muck

Depth codes include the following:

- 1 = 5 cm
- 2 = 10 cm
- 3 = 20 cm
- 4 = 50 cm
- 5 = 100 cm
- 6 = 150 cm
- 7 = 180 cm

SX\*# = Maximum soil temperature where \* corresponds to a code for ground cover and # corresponds to a code for soil depth. See SN\*# for depth codes. \*\*\*

THIC = Thickness of ice on water (tenths of mm)

TOBS = Temperature at the time of observation \*\*\*

TSUN = Daily total sunshine (minutes)

WDF1 = Direction of fastest 1-minute wind (degrees)

WDF2 = Direction of fastest 2-minute wind (degrees)

WDF5 = Direction of fastest 5-second wind (degrees)

WDFG = Direction of peak wind gust (degrees)

WDFI = Direction of highest instantaneous wind (degrees)

WDFM = Fastest mile wind direction (degrees)

WDMV = 24-hour wind movement (km, or miles on Daily Form pdf file)

WESD = Water equivalent of snow on the ground (tenths of mm)

WESF = Water equivalent of snowfall (tenths of mm)

WSF1 = Fastest 1-minute wind speed (tenths of meters per second)

WSF2 = Fastest 2-minute wind speed (tenths of meters per second)

WSF5 = Fastest 5-second wind speed (tenths of meters per second)

WSFG = Peak guest wind speed (tenths of meters per second)

WSFI = Highest instantaneous wind speed (tenths of meters per second)

WSFM = Fastest mile wind speed (tenths of meters per second)

WT\*\* = Weather Type where \*\* has one of the following values:

01 = Fog, ice fog, or freezing fog (may include heavy fog)

02 = Heavy fog or heaving freezing fog (not always distinguished from fog)

03 = Thunder

04 = Ice pellets, sleet, snow pellets, or small hail

05 = Hail (may include small hail)

06 = Glaze or rime

07 = Dust, volcanic ash, blowing dust, blowing sand, or blowing obstruction

08 = Smoke or haze

09 = Blowing or drifting snow

10 = Tornado, waterspout, or funnel cloud

11 = High or damaging winds

12 = Blowing spray

13 = Mist  
14 = Drizzle  
15 = Freezing drizzle  
16 = Rain (may include freezing rain, drizzle, and freezing drizzle)  
17 = Freezing rain  
18 = Snow, snow pellets, snow grains, or ice crystals  
19 = Unknown source of precipitation  
21 = Ground fog  
22 = Ice fog or freezing fog

WVxx = Weather in the Vicinity where "xx" has one of the following values

01 = Fog, ice fog, or freezing fog (may include heavy fog)  
03 = Thunder  
07 = Ash, dust, sand, or other blowing obstruction  
18 = Snow or ice crystals  
20 = Rain or snow shower

\*\*\* Values denoted with "\*\*\*" (i.e. temperature values) are in Celsius degrees to tenths on csv and text forms and Fahrenheit to tenths on Daily Form pdf file.

Additional details are available online at <http://www1.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/ghcn/daily/readme.txt> (note the readme file does not apply to the Daily Form pdf file or CSV outputs, however values are the same, other than a few differences in units noted in table 4 above).